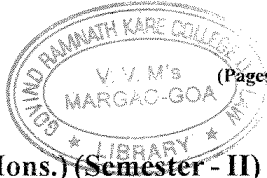


GOA UNIVERSITY
G.R. KARE COLLEGE OF LAW, MARGAO, GOA
LL.B.(HONS) SEM II
POLITICAL SCIENCE II

OCT 2011,
OCT 2010,
APRIL 2010,
OCT 2009,
APRIL 2009,
OCT 2008,
APRIL 2008,
2007 (P)
APRIL 2007 (P),
OCT 2006 (P)
APRIL 2006,
OCT 2005 (R),
APRIL 2005 (P),
2004,

B - 16

[Total No. of Questions : 14]



(Pages : 02)

05/10/2011
(Wednesday)

TNY - 66

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester - II) Examination, October - 2011
POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

- Instructions :*
- 1) Answer any five questions from each section. Question No.7 and 14 are compulsory.
 - 2) Answer to the two sections should be tied separately.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1)** Define Power. Bring out the role of power in the political sphere. [8]
- Q2)** What do you mean by political obligation? Explain the grounds of political obligation. [8]
- Q3)** Discuss Max Webers Types of Authority. [8]
- Q4)** Explain Bentham's theory of utility. [8]
- Q5)** State the features of Locke's Social Contract. [8]
- Q6)** Explain Gandhi's views on Satyagraha. [8]
- Q7)** Write short notes on any two of the following : [6]
- a) General Will.
 - b) Consent theory of Political Obligation.
 - c) Relation between Power and Authority.

SECTION - II

- Q8)** When does a promise becomes a contract? Why should we honour promises and contracts? [8]
- Q9)** State the safeguards to unjust laws. [8]
- Q10)** Briefly discuss the theories of punishment. [8]
- Q11)** What are the essential elements of a contract? [8]

P.T.O.

B- 16

-2-

TNY - 66

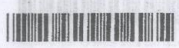
Q12) What is an offer? How can it be revoked? [8]

Q13) Analyze the crisis of legitimation in the contemporary times. [8]

Q14) Write short notes on any two of the following : [5]

- a) Types of writs.
- b) Reciprocal Promise.
- c) Retributive theory of Punishment.

* * *



07/10/2010
(Thursday)

TNY - 66

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. - II) Examination, October 2010
POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

- Instructions :** 1) Answer **any five** questions from **each** Section. Question No. 7 and 14 are **compulsory**.
2) Answer to the **two** Sections should be tied **separately**.
3) Figures to the **right** indicate **marks**.

SECTION - I

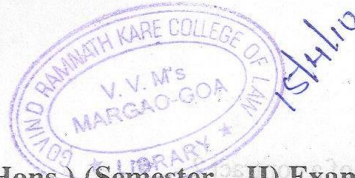
1. What do you mean by political obligation? Explain the grounds of political obligation. 8
2. Discuss Max Weber's types of authority. 8
3. Define power. Elucidate the role of power in political sphere. 8
4. Explain the features of John Locke's Social Contract. 8
5. Explain Bentham's theory of utility. 8
6. Explain Gandhian concept of non violence and civil disobedience. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 6
 - a) Divine Rights theory of political obligation
 - b) General Will
 - c) Satyagraha.

P.T.O.



SECTION - II

- 8. What is an unjust law ? Explain the safeguards to unjust laws. 8
- 9. When does a promise becomes a contract ? Why should we honour promises and contracts ? 8
- 10. Explain the theories of punishment. 8
- 11. What is an 'offer' ? How it can be revoked ? 8
- 12. What is a writ ? Discuss the various types of writs. 8
- 13. Analyze the crisis of legitimation in the contemporary times. 8
- 14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 5
 - a) Reciprocal promise 8
 - b) Deterent theory of punishment 8
 - c) Valid contract. 8



TNY - 66

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester - II) Examination, April 2010
POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 75

- Instructions:** 1) Answer **any five** questions from **each** Section. Question No. 7 and 14 are **compulsory**.
2) Answer to the **two** Sections should be **tied separately**.
3) Figures to the **right** indicate marks.

SECTION - I

1. Define power. State the elements of power. 8
2. Explain the features of Rousseau's General Will. 8
3. What is meant by political obligation? State the consent theory of political obligation. 8
4. Explain J. S. Mill's views 'On Liberty'. 8
5. Explain the features of Legitimacy. 8
6. Examine the problem of civil disobedience and political obligation with reference to Gandhian thought. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 6
 - a) Elite theory of power
 - b) Limitations of political obligation
 - c) Hobbe's concept of sovereignty.

SECTION - II

8. Explain the dimensions of the problems of obedience to unjust laws with illustrations. 8
9. What is a contract? State the different kinds of contract. 8
10. What is meant by punishment? State the retributive theory of punishment. 8

P.T.O.



- 11. What are the essential elements of a contract ? 8
- 12. What is an offer ? How can it be revoked ? 8
- 13. Examine the crisis of legitimation situation in the contemporary times. 8
- 14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 5
 - a) Safeguards against unjust laws
 - b) Distributive justice
 - c) Standard Form Contract.

SECTION - I

- 1. Define power. State the elements of power. 8
- 2. Explain the features of Rousseau's General Will. 8
- 3. What is meant by political obligation? State the consent theory of political obligation. 8
- 4. Explain J. S. Mill's views 'On Liberty'. 8
- 5. Explain the features of Legitimacy. 8
- 6. Examine the problem of civil disobedience and political obligation with reference to Gandhian thought. 8
- 7. Write short notes on any two of the following : 8
 - a) Elite theory of power
 - b) Limitations of political obligation
 - c) Hobbes's concept of sovereignty.

SECTION - II

- 8. Explain the dimensions of the problems of obedience to unjust laws with illustrations. 8
- 9. What is a contract? State the different kinds of contract. 8
- 10. What is meant by punishment? State the retributive theory of punishment. 8



TNY - 66

LL.B. (Hons.) Semester – II Examination, October 2009
POLITICAL SCIENCE – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

Instructions : 1) Answer any five questions from each Section.

Question No. 7 and 14 are compulsory.

2) Answer to the two Sections should be tied separately.

3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

SECTION – I

1. Define Power. Elucidate the role of power in political sphere. 8
2. Discuss Max Weber's types of authority. 8
3. What is meant by political obligation ? Explain important obligations of a citizen. 8
4. Explain the features of John Locke's social contract. 8
5. Discuss Bentham's theory of utilitarianism. 8
6. Examine the problem of civil disobedience and political obligations with reference to Gandhian thought. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 6
 - a) Hobbe's concept of sovereignty
 - b) Gandhi's concept of Non-violence
 - c) Charismatic Basis of Legitimacy.

SECTION – II

8. What is an unjust law ? Explain the dimensions of the problem of obedience to unjust laws. 8
9. Discuss the various types of writs. 8

P.T.O.



10. When does a promise become a contract? Why are promises and contracts honoured? 8
11. Explain the theories of punishment. 8
12. What is an offer? How can it be revoked? 8
13. Analyse the crisis of legitimation in the contemporary times. 8
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 5
- a) Void contract
 - b) Distributive justice
 - c) Safeguards against unjust laws.

SECTION - I

1. Define Power. Elucidate the role of power in political sphere. 8

2. Discuss Max Weber's types of authority. 8

3. What is meant by political obligation? Explain important obligations of a citizen. 8



TNY – 66

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2009

POLITICAL SCIENCE – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

- Instructions:** 1) Answer any five questions from each Section. Question No. 7 and 14 are compulsory.
2) Answer to the two Sections should be tied separately.
3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

SECTION – I

1. Discuss the relationship between power and authority. 8
2. Examine Max Weber's views on legitimacy. 8
3. Explain the limitations of political obligations as observed by liberal thinkers. 8
4. Examine Rousseau's approach to the notion of general will. 8
5. Discuss utilitarianism as an approach to political obligations according to Jeremy Bentham. 8
6. Explain Gandhian concept of non-violence and civil disobedience. 8
7. Write short notes on any two of the following : 6
 - a) Hedonistic calculus of Bentham.
 - b) Hobbe's concept of sovereignty.
 - c) Charismatic basis of legitimacy.

SECTION – II

8. Discuss the dimensions of the problem of obedience to unjust laws. 8
9. Explain the various types of writs. 8

P.T.O.



10. Define a contract. Why should we honour promises and contracts? 8
11. Examine the essential features of a valid offer. 8
12. Briefly discuss the theories of punishment. 8
13. Discuss the crisis of legitimacy in contemporary times. 8
14. Write short notes on any two of the following : 5
- a) Safeguards against unjust laws
 - b) Valid contract
 - c) Void contract.

SECTION - I

1. Discuss the relationship between power and authority.



LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester - II) Examination, 2008

POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

Instructions: 1) Answer **any five** questions from **each** Section. Questions Nos. 7 and 14 are **compulsory**.

2) Answers to the **two** Sections should be tied **separately**.

3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION - I

1. What do you mean by Power ? Examine the relationship between Power and Authority. 8
2. What do you understand by the term Legitimacy ? Examine Max Weber's views on Legitimacy. 8
3. Define political obligation. State the limits of political obligations as viewed by liberal thinkers. 8
4. Examine Karl Marx's approach to the notion of political obligations. 8
5. Discuss utilitarianism as an approach to political obligations according to Jeremy Bentham. 8
6. Examine the problem of civil disobedience and political obligations with reference to Gandhian thought. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 6
 - a) Hobbe's concept of Sovereignty.
 - b) The social contract of Locke.
 - c) Gandhi's concept of non-violence.



SECTION - II

8. What is an Unjust Law ? Explain the dimensions of the problem of obedience to Unjust Laws. 8
9. What is a Writ ? The Supreme Court is empowered to issue Writs under Article 32 of the Constitution. Name these Writs and explain the grounds for the issue of such Writs. 8
10. Define a Contract. Why should we honour promises and contracts ? 8
11. What are the essential features of a Valid Offer ? How can an Offer be revoked ? 8
12. What is the object of punishment ? Under what conditions is the state justified to use force against its own citizens ? 8
13. Discuss the contemporary crisis of Legitimation in a Welfare State. 8
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 5
- a) A Valid Contract.
 - b) Safeguards against Unjust Laws.
 - c) Reformatory Theory of Punishment.



TNY – 66

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2008
POLITICAL SCIENCE – II

Duration : 3-Hours

Total Marks : 75

Instructions: 1) Answer **any five** questions from **each** Section. Questions Nos. 7 and 14 are compulsory.

2) Answers to the **two** Sections should be tied **separately**.

3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION – I

1. Define the concept of Power. Explain the relationship between Power and Authority. 8
2. What do you mean by Legitimacy ? Examine the various features of Legitimacy. 8
3. Discuss the meaning, nature and grounds of Political Obligations. 8
4. 'Consent is the basis of the state'. Explain with reference to the nature of the Social Contract of John Locke. 8
5. Examine the contributions made by J.S. Mill to the utilitarian philosophy. 8
6. Examine Gandhian Civil Disobedience as a just and a moral duty of citizens against an unjust political order. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 6
 - a) The theory of Divine Rights of Kings.
 - b) Max Weber's classification of Authority.
 - c) Gandhi's concept of Satyagraha.

P.T.O.



SECTION - II

8. What do you mean by Unjust Laws ? Examine the problem of obedience to unjust laws. 8
9. What is a Writ ? Explain the various types of Writs which can be issued by the Supreme Court under Article 32 of the Constitution. 8
10. What is a Contract ? Why should one honour the promise and execute the contract ? 8
11. What is an Offer ? What are the requisites of a Valid Offer ? 8
12. Briefly examine the various theories of Punishment. 8
13. What do you mean by Legitimacy ? Discuss the major problems of legitimation in the contemporary times. 8
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 5
 - a) A Valid Contract.
 - b) Acceptance of a Proposal.
 - c) State's use of force against its own citizens.

LL.B. (Hons.) Sem. II Examination, 2007
POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

- Instructions :** 1) Answer any five questions from each Section. Question No. 7 and 14 are compulsory.
2) Answer to the two Sections should be tied separately.
3) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

SECTION - I

1. Define power. Explain the relationship between power and authority. 8
2. Evaluate Max Weber's type of authority. 8
3. Define political obligation and discuss important obligations of the individual. 8
4. Briefly explain the theory of social contract enunciated by John Locke. 8
5. Discuss the contributions of J.S. Mill to the theory of utilitarianism. 8
6. Write an essay on various forms of Satyagraha enumerated by Gandhi. 8
7. Write short notes on any two of the following : 6
 - a) Hedonistic calculus of Bentham
 - b) Mosca's views on Elite theory
 - c) Divine Rights theory.

SECTION - II

8. Explain the dimensions of the problem of obedience to unjust laws with illustrations. 8
9. When does a promise become a contract ? Why should we honour promises and contracts ? 8

10. Bring out the basis of contract in law and social order.
11. Briefly discuss the theories of punishment.
12. What are the essential elements of a contract ?
13. Discuss the various types of writs.
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following :
 - a) Reciprocal promise
 - b) Distributive justice
 - c) Safeguards against unjust laws.

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. – II) Examination, April 2007
POLITICAL SCIENCE – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks: 75

- Instructions:** 1) Answer **any five** questions from **each** Section. Question No. 7 and 14 are **compulsory**.
2) Answer to the **two** Sections should be tied **separately**.
3) Figures to the **right** indicates **full** marks.

SECTION – I

1. Define power. Bring out the role of power in political sphere. 8
2. Evaluate Max Weber's types of authority. 8
3. What do you mean by Political obligation ? Explain important obligations of a citizen. 8
4. Briefly explain the features of John Locke's social contract. 8
5. Explain Bentham's theory of utility. 8
6. Explain Gandhian concept of Non-violence and civil disobedience. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: 6
 - a) Any three sources of power.
 - b) Elite theory of power.
 - c) General will.

SECTION – II

8. Explain the dimensions of the problem of obedience to unjust laws with illustrations.
9. When does a promise become a contract ? Why should we honour promises and contracts ?

10. What is an 'offer' ? How can it be revoked ?
11. Briefly discuss the theories of punishment.
12. What are the essential elements of a contract ?
13. What is a writ ? Discuss various types of writs.
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following:
 - a) Reciprocal promise.
 - b) Distributive Justice.
 - c) Safeguards against unjust laws.

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – II) Examination, 2006
POLITICAL SCIENCE – II

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

- Instructions:** 1) Answers to the two Sections should be tied separately.
2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

SECTION – I

Answer **any four** questions and question no. 7 :

1. What do you understand by the concept of 'Power' ? Explain the relationship between Power and Authority.
2. What is Legitimacy ? Examine Max Weber's concept of legitimacy.
3. Define Political Obligations. Examine the views of Karl Marx on political obligations.
4. Examine the features of Thomas Hobbes' theory of Social Contract.
5. Discuss the principles of Utilitarianism as an approach to Political Obligations with special reference to Jeremy Bentham.
6. Explain M. K. Gandhi's concept of Satyagraha. What are the different forms of Satyagraha ?
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following :
 - a) Divine Rights Theory.
 - b) Limitations of Political Obligations.
 - c) Civil Disobedience.

SECTION – II

Answer **any four** questions and question no. 14 :

8. What do you understand by 'Unjust Laws' ? Examine the problem of obedience to unjust Laws.
9. Define a Contract. Why should we honour our promises and contracts ?

MAH - 66

10. What is an 'Offer' ? What are the requisites of a valid offer ?
11. What is Punishment ? Under what conditions is the state justified to use force against a citizen ?
12. What is a 'Writ' ? Discuss the various types of Writs under Article 32 of the Constitution of India.
13. Analyse the crisis of legitimation in the contemporary times.
14. Write short notes on **any two** of the following :
 - a) A Valid Contract.
 - b) Acceptance of a Proposal.
 - c) Reformatory Theory of Punishment.

SECTION - II

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – II) Examination, April 2006
POLITICAL SCIENCE – II

Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answers to the two Sections should be tied separately.
2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

SECTION – I

Answer **any four** questions and question no. 7.

1. Analyse the concept of 'power'. Explain the relationship between Power and Authority. 8
2. What do you mean by 'Legitimacy'? Explain the various features of Legitimacy. 8
3. Discuss the meaning, nature and grounds of political obligations. 8
4. Briefly evaluate John Locke's Theory of Social Contract. 8
5. Examine the characteristic features of Utilitarianism of Jeremy Bentham. 8
6. Examine the problem of civil disobedience and political obligations with reference to Gandhian thought. 8
7. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : 6
 - a) Hobbes' concept of sovereignty.
 - b) General will of Rousseau.
 - c) Gandhi's concept of satyagraha.

SECTION - II

Answer any four questions and question No. 14.

8. What do you understand by 'Unjust Law' ? Explain the problems involved in the obedience to unjust laws. 8
9. What do you mean by the term contract ? Why should we honour promises and contracts ? 8
10. What are the essential features of a valid offer ? How can an offer be revoked ? 8
11. Define punishment. Under what conditions is the state justified to use force against a citizen ? 8
12. Explain the various writs available to citizen under Article 32 of the Constitution. 8
13. Explain the meaning, nature and major problems of legitimation. 8
14. Write short notes on any two of the following : 5
 - a) Safeguards against Unjust Laws. 8
 - b) Void and Voidable Contracts. 8
 - c) Deterrent Theory of Punishment. 8

LL.B. (HONS) SEM. II EXAMINATION OCTOBER 2005
POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75

- Instructions : 1) Answer any FIVE questions from each section. Question No. 7 and 14 are compulsory.
2) Answer to the TWO sections should be tied separately.
3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

(8 x 4 = 32)

- 1 Define power. Bring out the role of power in political sphere.
2 Evaluate Max Weber's types of Authority.
3 What do mean by Political obligation? Explain important obligations of a citizen.
4 Briefly explain the features of John Lock's social contract.
5 Explain Bentham's theory of utility.
6 Explain Gandhian concept of Non-violence and civil disobedience.
7 Write short notes on any TWO of the following
a) Legitimacy and Effectiveness
b) Elite theory of power
c) General will.

(3 x 2 = 6)

SECTION - II

(8 x 4 = 32)

- 8 Explain the dimensions of the problem of obedience to unjust laws with illustrations.
9 When does a promise become a contract? Why should we honour promises and contracts.
10 Bring out the basis of contract in Law and Social order.
11 Briefly discuss the theories of Punishment.
12 What are the essential elements of a contract.
13 Article 32 of the constitution empowers the court to issue writs. Discuss the various types of writs.
14 Write short notes on any TWO
a) Reciprocal Promise
b) Distributive Justice
c) Safeguards against unjust laws.

(2 x 2 ½ = 5)

* * * * *

SAM - 66

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. - II) Examination, April 2005
POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Time: 3 Hours

Marks : 75

- Instructions:* 1) Answer any five questions, from each Section.
2) Answer to the two sections should be tied separately.
3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

8×4=32

1. Analyse the concept of power. Explain its sources.
2. What is authority ? Explain Weberian types of authority.
3. Examine the classical approach of Hobbes on political obligation.
4. Explain Jeremy Bentham's theory of utility.
5. Explain Gandhiji's philosophy of Non-violence. Examine its relevance in the modern political system.
6. Discuss the meaning and nature of political obligation. State the limits of political obligation as viewed by liberal thinkers.
7. Write short notes on any two of the following : 3×2=6
 - a) Civil disobedience
 - b) Marxian views on Legitimacy
 - c) Divine right theory.

SECTION - II

8×4=32

8. Discuss the basis of promissory and contractual liability.
 9. What is resistance ? When does an individual have the right to resist the state ?
 10. When does a promise become a contract ?
 11. What is an "offer"? How can it be revoked ?
 12. Explain the circumstances under which state may punish its subjects .
 13. Analyse the crisis of legitimation in the contemporary times.
 14. Write short note on any two : 2×2 $\frac{1}{2}$ =5
 - a) Reformatory theory of punishment
 - b) Writ of Habeas Corpus
 - c) A voidable contract.
-

F . Y . L . L . B . (Hons.) Sem . II Examination, 2004

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Duration : 3 Hours.

Total Marks: 75

- N.B.: 1) Answer FIVE questions from each Section.
Question no. 7 and 14 are compulsory.
2) Answers to the TWO sections should be tied
separately.
3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

1. What do you understand by the concept of Power ?
Explain the relationship between Power and Authority. (8)
 2. What do you mean by Legitimacy ? Explain Max Weber's
views on Legitimacy. (8)
 3. Discuss the meaning , nature and grounds of
Political Obligations. (8)
 4. Briefly examine the features of J. J. Rousseau's
theory of Social Contract. (8)
-
5. Discuss Utilitarianism as an approach to
Political Obligations according to Bentham . (8)
 6. Explain Gandhi's concept of Satyagraha . What are
the different forms of Satyagraha ? (8)
 7. Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (6)
 - a) Difference between Power and Force.
 - b) Locke's views about the State of Nature.
 - c) Hobbes' concept of sovereignty.
 - d) Civil Disobedience and Political Obligation.

P.T.O.

SECTION - II

8. What do you understand by ' Unjust Law ' ?
Explain the problems involved in the obedience to Unjust Laws. (8)
9. Explain the various Writs available to a citizen under Articles 32 and 226 of the Constitution. (8)
10. What do you mean by the term Contract ? Why should we honour our promises and contracts ? (8)
11. What are the essential features of a Valid Offer ? How can an Offer be revoked ? (8)
12. Define Punishment. Under what conditions is the state justified to use force against a citizen? (8)
13. Explain the contemporary crisis of legitimation in a welfare state. (8)
14. Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (5)
 - a) Safeguards against Unjust Laws.
 - b) Void and Voidable Contracts.
 - c) Acceptance of an Offer.
 - d) Deterrent theory of Punishment.

XXXXXXXXXX.....XXXXXX

- (8) (a) Define the concept of sovereignty. What are the different forms of sovereignty?
- (8) (b) Write short notes on any TWO of the following:
 - (i) Distinction between law and force.
 - (ii) Sovereignty and the state of nature.
 - (iii) Sovereignty and political obligation.
 - (iv) State sovereignty and political obligation.