



TNY - 104

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, April 2013 HISTORY – I (own yeas) no seton hode ethil 8

Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 75

Instructions: I) Answer 5 questions from Section I and five questions from Section II.

- II) Question 1 and 8 are compulsory.
- III) Figures to the **right** indicate marks **per** question.

11. Evaluate the structure and functioning of Ancient Indian administrative system.

1.	Write short notes on (any 2):	6
8	i) Geographical extent of Harappan Civilization	.81
	Explain the contributions of Ancient Indians to Architecture amarkantism (ii	
	iii) Teachings of Jainism.	
2.	State and explain the various dimensions of Ancient Indian Culture.	8
3.	Comment on the indigenous and foreign written sources for the study of Ancient India.	8
4.	Review Slavery as it existed in Ancient India.	8
5.	Evaluate the Caste System as a characteristic of Ancient India Society.	8
6.	Describe the status of women in Ancient India.	8
7.	Trace the factors responsible for the rise of Mahajanapadas in Ancient India.	8

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SECTION-II

	L.D. Hills.) (Schildstein in the manufacture) (Cild and a second cold and a second c	
8.	Write short notes on (any two):	
	i) Relationship between History and Economics	
	ii) Secret agents	
	Instructions: 1) Answer 5 questions from Section I and five quantitied? (iii	
9.	Discuss the contributions of Brihaspati and Narada to Ancient Indian Law.	8
10.	Explain the structure and functioning of Mauryan Polity in Ancient India.	8
11,	Evaluate the structure and functioning of Ancient Indian administrative system.	8
12.	Describe the various forms of punishments in Ancient India.	8
13.	Evaluate the Dharmasastra as the source of Ancient Indian Law.	8
14.	Explain the contributions of Ancient Indians to Architecture and Mathematics.	8
	iii) Teachings of Jainism.	
8	State and explain the various dimensions of Ancient Indian Culture.	
	Comment on the indigenous and foreign written sources for the study of Ancient	
8	India.	

7. Trace the factors responsible for the rise of Mahajanapadas in Ancient India.

4. Review Slavery as it existed in Ancient India.





TNY - 104

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, October 2012 HISTORY – I

Duration :3 Hours Total Marks : 75

Instructions: i) Answer 5 questions from Section I and 5 from Section II.

ii) Question No. 1 and 8 are compulsory.

iii) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.

SECTION-I

1.	Write short notes on (any two):	6
	a) Accounts of foreign travellers for the study of Ancient India	
	b) Tenets of Jainism	
	c) Seals in the Indus Valley Civilization.	
2.	Outline the various traits of Ancient Indian Culture.	8
3.	State and explain the literary sources for the study of Ancient India.	8
4.	Elaborate on the patterns of Town Planning in the Indus Valley.	8
5.	Describe the joint family system that prevailed in Ancient India.	8
6.	Comment on the status of Ancient Indian Women.	8
7.	Discuss the factors that led to the decline of the Indus Valley Civilization.	8
	SECTION - II	
8.	Write short notes on (any 2):	5
	i) Relation between History and Economics	
	ii) Secret Agents of Justice	
	iii) Narada Smriti.	



b) Tenets of Jainism

9.	Describe the role of kingship in the Vedic Period.	8
10.	Critically examine the social life of the Guptas.	8
11.	Describe the functioning of village Panchayats as "Courts of Justice".	8
12.	Trace the evolution of Ancient Indian law.	8
13.	Write a note on the origin and tenets of Buddhism.	8
14.	State the contributions of Ancient India to art and architecture.	8

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LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, April 2012 HISTORY – I 10 2010 (12 File mining)

Dura	ation: 3 Hours	: 75
	Instructions: 1) Answer 5 questions from Section I and 5 from Section II. 2) Question No. 1 and 8 are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.	12.
	SECTION — bions ni wal to notative ent epart	
1.	Write short notes on (any two): 1) Causes for the decline of Harappan culture. 2) Shaivism. 3) Relation between History and Political Science.	6
2.	Discuss the archaeological sources for the study of Ancient India.	8
3.	Comment on the Ashrama system that existed in ancient India.	8
4.	Discuss the various theories regarding the original homeland of the Aryans.	8
5.	Review the status of ancient Indian women with reference to child marriage, widowhood and property rights.	8
6.	Evaluate the rise of Mahajanapadas in the 6 th century BC.	8
7.	Explain the functioning of the village panchayats in ancient India.	8
	SECTION-II	
8.	Write short notes on (any two): 1) Contribution of Charaka and Sushruta. 2) Sabha and Samiti 3) Yajnavalkya Smriti.	5

TN	Y - 27	
9.	Write a note on the nature of polity during the Gupta period.	8
10.	Explain the impact of the Buddhism on India in the ancient times.	8
11.	Examine the contribution of Brihaspati to ancient Indian law.	8
12.	What were the types of punishments that were administered in ancient India?	8
13.	Review the contributions of ancient Indians to Astronomy and Mathematics.	8
14.	Trace the evolution of law in ancient India.	8
	1) Causes for the decline of Har appan culture	

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[Total No. of Questions: 14]



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LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester - I) Examination, October - 2011 HISTORY - I

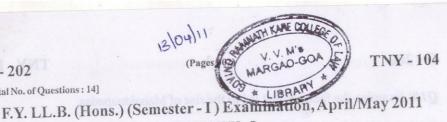
Durat	tion : 3 Hours Total Marks	: 75
Instru	2) Answer 5 questions from section I and 5 from section II Question No. 1 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.	
	SECTION - I	
QI)	Write short notes on (any two)	[6]
	a) Literary sources of Indian culture.	
	b) Untouchability in Ancient India.	
	c) Grihasthashrama	
Q2)	Assess the distinct traits that characterised Ancient Indian Culture?	[8]
Q3)	Discuss the factors that led to the decline of the Indus Valley Civilization?	[8]
Q4)	Describe the social life of the vedic people with special reference to the caste systematical systematics of the vedic people with special reference to the caste systematics.	em. [8]
Q5)	Review slavery as it existed in Ancient India.	[8]
Q6)	Comment on the position of ancient Indian Women?	[8]
Q7)	Assess the main features of Buddhism.	[8]
	<u>SECTION - II</u>	
Q8)	Write short notes on any two	[5]
	a) Relation between history and economics.	
	b) Brihaspatismriti	
	c) Teachings of Jainism.	
Q9)	Comment on the polity in ancient South India	[8]
Q10)	Describe the main contributions of Manu and Narada to ancient Indian Law.	[8]
Q11)	Critically examine the panchayat as a court of Justice in ancient India.	[8]

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B - 459	** ***********************************	TNŶ - 10
Q12) Describe the role of	Kingship in the vedic period.	[8]
	nts of Ancient Indians in Art & architecture	
Q14) Review the administr	ration of Justice in ancient India with reference	ce to trials and witnesse
and types of punishr	ments. See the first of the first of the Allendard Conference of the first of the f	•
	segration were the service of	

G-202

[Total No. of Questions: 14]



HISTORY-I Total Marks: 75 Duration: 3 Hours Answer five questions from Section - I and five questions Instructions: 1) from Section - II Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate marks per question. SECTION - I Q1) Write short notes on any two of the following: [6] a) Coins as sources of Indian culture. b) Purushartha. c) Relation between History and Political science. Q2) Examine the sacred sources for the study of Ancient India. [8] Q3) Trace the main features of Ancient Indian Culture. [8] Q4) Describe the chief features of town planning of the Indus Valley Civilization.[8] Comment on the socio-economic life of the Aryans. [8] [8] Specify the significance of the Ashrama system. Q6) Q7) Discuss the position of women in Ancient India with reference to Age of [8] Marriage and Divorce. SECTION - II Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following: [5] a) Define History and state its purpose. b) Plaintiff. c) Village Panchayat as a court of justice. [8] Q9) Discuss the main features of Buddhism.

Q10)	Examine the features that led to the rise of Mahajanapadas.	[8]
Q11)	Assess the contributions of the Guptas Administration system.	[8]
Q12)	Describe the Administration of justice in Ancient India, with reference Trial witnesses and pleaders.	e to [8]
Q13)	Comment on the contribution as Narada to Indian legal system.	[8]
Q14)	Review the contribution made by the Indians to physics, chemistry Mathematics.	and [8]

23) Trace the main features of Ancient Indian Culture.
24) Describe the chief features of town planning of the Indus Valley Civ.
25) Comment on the socio-economic life of the Aryans.
26) Specify the significance of the Ashrama system.

 Discuss the position of women in Ancient India with reference to Age of Marriage and Divorce.

28) Write short notes on any two of the following:

a) Define History and state its purpose.

b) Pointiff

c) Village Panchayat as a court of justice.

29) Discuss the main features of Buddhism.

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LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, October 2010, Oc

Total Marks: 75 Duration: 3 Hours Instructions: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II. 2) Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Figures to the right indicate marks per question. SECTION - I 1. Write short notes on any two of the following: Examine the contributions of Br a) Foreign sources of the Ancient Indian Culture. A lo anomudianos ent weive A. Al b) Doctrine of Karma. c) Four noble truths. 8 2. Examine the literary sources of the Ancient Indian Culture. 3. Discuss the Hallmarks of the Town planning system of the Indus Valley Civilization. 8 4. Review Vedic caste system. 8 5. Explain the Ashrama system. 6. Briefly discuss the position of women with special reference to property rights, 8 divorce and widowhood. 8 7. Assess the main features of Jainism. SECTION - II 5 8. Write short notes on any two of the following: a) Define History and state its purpose. b) Pleaders c) Secret agents.

TNY - 104 9. Review the vedic political system. [17] (1-19)29m98) (200H) [3.3] 8 10. Discuss the important factors that led to the rise of Mahajanapadas. 8 11. Assess the Mauryan Administrative system. Instructions: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from 8 12. Comment on the following: a) Plaintiff b) Trial c) Witnesses. 13. Examine the contributions of Brihaspati to Ancient Indian Law. 14. Review the contributions of Ancient Indians to Astronomy and Mathematics.





LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, April 2010 HISTORY – I

Total Marks: 75 Duration: 3 Hours Instructions: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II. 2) Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Figures to the right indicate marks per question. 14. State the contribution made by the Indians towards, Astronomy, Chemistry, SECTION - I 6 1. Write short notes on any two of the following: a) History and Politics and History and Sociology. b) Causes of the Indus valley civilization decline. c) Chinese sources for the study of Ancient Indian Culture. 2. Comment on the numismatics, epigraphy sacred and secular sources of the Ancient 8 Indian History. 8 3. Describe the socio-religious life of the Indus valley civilization. 4. Discuss the various theories regarding the original homeland of the Aryans. 8 8 5. Review the political life of the Vedic age. 6. Explain the position of women with special reference to age of marriage, sridhana 8 and widows. 8 7. Assess the main features of Buddhism. SECTION - II 8. Write short notes on any two: a) Vidatha and Sabha. b) Court of guilds. 5 c) Witnesses and ordeal. P.T.O.

	TNY - 104
	9. Evaluate the main features of Shaivism and Vaishnanism.
	10. Assess the factors for the rise of Mahajanapads.
	11. Examine the characteristic of Gupta administration.
	12. Explain the legal procedure followed in Ancient India.
	13. Examine the contribution made by Narada to Indian legal system.
	14. State the contribution made by the Indians towards, Astronomy, Chemistry, Physics and Medicine.
. *	1. Write short notes on any two of the following:
	a) History and Politics and History and Sociology.
	b) Causes of the Indus valley civilization decline.c) Chinese sources for the study of Ancient Indian Culture.
	Comment on the numismatics, epigraphy sacred and secular sources of the Ancient Indian History.
	3. Describe the socio-religious life of the Indus valley civilization.
4.	4. Discuss the various theories regarding the original homeland of the Aryans. 8
4	5. Review the political life of the Vedic age.
ā	6. Explain the position of women with special reference to age of marriage, sridhana." and widows.'
r	7. Assess the main features of Buddhism.
	SECTION - II
	8. Write short notes on any two:
	a) Vidatha and Sabha.
	b) Court of guilds.



LL.B. (Hons.) Semester – I Examination, October 2009 HISTORY – I

tion: 3 Hours	Total Marks: 75

- N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II.
 - 2) Question 1 and 8 are compulsory.
 - 3) Figures to the **right** indicate **maximum** marks per question.

SECTION - I

Write short notes on any two: i) Value of literary sources for the study of Ancient Indian History.	
i) Value of literary sources for the study of Ancient Indian History	
1) Value of file at y sources for the study of America Indian Indian.	
ii) Causes for the decline of Harappan culture	
ii) Origin of the Aryans.	(
The underlining features of Indian culture is its unity in diversity. Comment.	8
Assess the town-planning of the Harappan culture.	8
Examine the religious beliefs and practices of the Aryans.	8
Comment on the caste system and the Ashramas during the vedic period.	8
Give a critical assessment of the system of slavery in ancient India.	8
Describe the position of women in ancient India.	8

SECTION - II

- 8. Comment in brief, on any two:
 - i) Relation between history and law
 - ii) Hindu law is not static
 - iii) Custom and usage as the sources of Hindu law.
- 9. Write a note on the nature of polity during the Mauryan period.
- 10. Review the administration of justice in ancient India with reference to trials at witnesses and types of punishment.
- 11. Discuss the role of Panchayats as courts of Justice.
- 12. Explain the tenets of Jainism.

a naity in diversity. Comment.

- 13. Examine the nature of government during the Gupta period.
- 14. Write a critique on the contribution of ancient India to science.

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, April 2009 HISTORY – I

HISTO)RY - 1	
Ouration: 3 Hours	Total Marks: 75	
N.B.: 1) Answer five question Section II. 2) Questions 1 and 8	ons from Section I and five questions from are compulsory. It indicate marks per question.	
SECT	ION – I	
 Write short notes on any two: Secular sources for the study of Anii) Food in the Indus Valley Civilizatiii) Ashrama system. 		
2. Outline the characteristic features of the	ne Ancient Indian culture.	•
3. Identify the relationship between Hist	ory and Law.	1
4. Describe the religious practices of the	people in the Indus Valley Civilization.	3
5. Review the nature of the Vedic polity		3
6. Comment on the slave system that ex		8
7. Assess the theories that are associated		8
	TION – II	
8. Write short notes on any two:i) Types of courts in Ancient Indiaii) Shaivismiii) Mahajanapadas.		5
9. Evaluate the structure and functioning	g of the Ancient Indian legal system.	8
10. Critically examine the Panchayat as a	'Court of Justice'.	8
11. Identify the main tenets of Buddhism	a.	8
12. Assess the functioning of the civil ac	lministration under the Mauryas.	8
13. Comment on the polity in the South		8
14. Account for the contributions of And		8

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. – I) Examination, October 2008 HISTORY – I (Ancient India)

aration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 75

N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II.

Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.

SECTION - I

Write short notes on (any two):	
i) The institution of slavery	
ii) Forms of marriages in Ancient India	
iii) History and Law.	
Discuss literary sources of Ancient Indian culture.	8
Examine the salient features of Harappan culture with special reference to Town Planning.	8
Evaluate the Ashrama system of Ancient India.	8
How did Jainism arise in India? What were its main teachings?	8
Discuss the institution of untouchability in Ancient India.	8
Discuss the main aspects of Vedic social life.	8
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SECTION - II

THE WIND

 i) Dharmashastras ii) Sabha and Samiti iii) Types of Punishments. 9. Examine Central administration under the Mauryas. 10. Trace the evolution of law in Ancient India with special reference to the Smritis. 11. Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas. 12. Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India. 13. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. 14. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India. 	8	3. Write short notes on (any two):	
 iii) Types of Punishments. Examine Central administration under the Mauryas. Trace the evolution of law in Ancient India with special reference to the Smritis. Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas. Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India. 			
 Examine Central administration under the Mauryas. Trace the evolution of law in Ancient India with special reference to the Smritis. Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas. Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India. 		ii) Sabha and Samiti	ıti
10. Trace the evolution of law in Ancient India with special reference to the Smritis. 11. Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas. 22. Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India. 33. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. 44. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India.		iii) Types of Punishments.	
 Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas. Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India. 	9.	Examine Central administration under the Mauryas.	
 Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas. Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India. 	10.	Trace the evolution of law in Ancient India with special reference to the Smritis.	
3. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. 4. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India.	1.	Discuss the socio religious life under the Guptas.	
3. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture. 4. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India.	2.	Discuss the functioning of different types of Courts in Ancient India.	
in the constant and the war of Auricus indian culture. The constant are selected as seems of Hamppan culture with special reference to Town I remains. The constant are assessed as seems of Auricus India. The constant are assessed in higher than the constant reachings? The constant are assessed in higher than the constant reachings?	3.	Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture.	1
The second second course of Augment Indian culture. The second second second second second second second of Town The second se	4. ;	State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India.	8
Expansion of the state of Hampan culture with special reference to Town Floridae Location as sepanda system of Ancien In II. Location of the state			
Expansion of the state of Hampan culture with special reference to Town Floridae Location as sepanda system of Ancien In II. Location of the state		Takana memp comes of Angical Indian culture.	
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LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – I) Examination, 2008 HISTORY – I

Ouration : 3 Hours Total Mar	ks : 7.
N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from	
Section II. 2) Ouestions 1 and 8 are compulsory	
3) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.	
ically examine the institution of salvery in Ancient India. 1 – NOITOAS e the penalties and punishments prescribed by Ancient law in civil and criminal	
1. Write notes on any two:	
i) Arthasastra of Kautilya bul majone of ingrendial to noindianosodi ass	
marises the contribution of Ancient Indians to Science array for yroadT (ii	
iii) Untouchability in Ancient India.	6
2. Discuss the literary sources of Ancient Indian Culture.	8
3. Explain the town-planning of the Harappan Culture.	8
4. Comment on the right forms of marriages practised in Ancient India.	8
5. Give brief account of the socio-religious life in India during the Vedic Period.	8
. Review the Ashrama system.	8
. Assess the position of women in ancient India with reference to education, age of	of
marriage and divorce.	8
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LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. – I) Examination, 2007 gnianogaib oliniw HISTORY – I (Ancient India) (April) od odrocod .?

justice.	
Duration: 3 Hours 1 How and the Dharmashastras regulate the life of Ancient Indians?	75
N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II.	
2) Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Figures the right indicate marks per question.	12
Discuss the administration system of the Gupta rulers.	13
Explain the contribution of Aryabatha and Shusruta to Ancient India.	
1. Write short notes on (any two):	6
i) Town planning in Harappan culture	
ii) Vedas and Puranas as sources of Ancient Indian culture	
iii) Joint Family System in Ancient India.	
2. Discuss Archaeological sources of Ancient Indian Culture.	8
3. Examine the main characteristics of Ancient Indian Culture.	8
4. Review the socio-religious life in the Harappan Culture.	8
5. Discuss the institution of Slavery in Ancient India.	8
6. Account for the rise of Buddhism and explain its main tenets.	8
 Examine the position of women in Ancient India with reference to child marriage, widowhood and property rights. 	8
SECTION – II	
8. Write short notes on (any two):	5
i) Role of witness in the Courts of law	
ii) Mahajanpadas	
iii) Maurya Polity.	

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9.	Describe the judicial procedure followed in Ancient India while dispensing justice.	8	
10.	How did the Dharmashastras regulate the life of Ancient Indians ?	8	
11.	Examine the contribution of Manu, Narada and Yajnavalkya to the legal system.	8	
12.	Explain the role of Panchayatas as Courts of Law.	8	
13.	Discuss the administration system of the Gupta rulers.	8	
14.	Explain the contribution of Aryabatha and Shusruta to Ancient India.	8	
6	Write short notes on (any two):		
	i) Town planning in Harappan culture		
	ii) Vedas and Puranas as sources of Ancient Indian culture		
	iii) Joint Family System in Ancient India.		
8	Discuss Archaeological sources of Ancient Indian Culture.		
	Examine the main characteristics of Ancient Indian Culture.		
	Review the socio-religious life in the Harappan Culture.		
	Discuss the institution of Slavery in Ancient India.		
8	Account for the rise of Buddhism and explain its main tenets.		
00	Examine the position of women in Ancient India with reference to child marriage, widowhood and property rights.		
	SECTION – II		
8	. Write short notes on (any two):		
	i) Role of witness in the Courts of law		
	ii) Mahajanpadas		
	iii) Maurya Polity.		

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester - I) Examination, October 2007 HISTORY - I

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75 N.B:1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II. 2) Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Figures to the right indicate marks per question. SECTION - I 1. Write short notes on any two: i) Harappan seals ii) Varna system 6 iii) Vaishnavism 2. Examine the Archaeological sources for the study of Ancient Indian Culture. 8 8 3. Discuss the various views regarding the original home of the Aryans. 4. Bring out the urban features of Harappan culture with special emphasis on 8 town planning. 8 5. Review the institution of slavery in Ancient India. 6. Explain the socio-religious life in India during the Vedic age. 8 7. Discuss the status and position of women in Ancient India. 8 SECTION - II 8. Write notes on any two: i) Panchamas ii) Courts of the guilds 5 iii) Customs and Law 8 9. Account for the rise of new religions in Ancient India. 8 10. Explain the factors that led to the emergence of Mahajanapadas in Ancient India. 8 11. Examine the main features of the Gupta administration. 12. Discuss in brief, the judicial procedure followed in dispensing justice in Ancient 8 India. 13. Describe the main contribution of Narada and Yajnavalkya to Ancient Indian 8 14. Examine the contribution of Aryabhata, Brahmagupta, Charaka and Susruta to 8 various branches of science.

LL.B. (Hons) (Sem. - I)) Examination, October 2006 HISTORY - I (Ancient India)

Duration: 3 Hours	Total Marks: 75
N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five question II. Questions I and 8 are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.	
SECTION - I	
1. Write short notes on (any two):	6
i) The four Purushartha (Goals in Life)ii) Coins and inscriptions as sources of Indian cultureiii) Harappan seals.	
2. Describe the main traits of Ancient Indian culture.	8
3. Discuss the various views regarding the original home of the Ary	yans. 8
4. Briefly examine the different aspects of Hinduism.	8
5. Explain how untouchability originated in India and highlight its	features. 8
6. Discuss the socio-religious life in Vedic Age.	8
7. Briefly discuss the position of women in ancient India.	. 8
SECTION - II	
8. Write short notes on (any two):	5
i) Contribution of Manu and Kautilya to lawii) Witnesses and types of punishments in Ancient Indiaiii) Social life in Gupta age	
9. Bring out the highlights of Maurya and Gupta polity.	8
10. Highlight the role of Panchayats as courts of Justice.	8
11. Evaluate the Dharmashastra as the source of ancient Indian law.	8
12. Discuss the factors that led to the rise of Mahajanpadas in Ancien	nt India ?
13. Discuss the role of judges in the law making process of Ancient	India. 8
14. Explain the contribution of Ancient India to Architecture and Ma	athematics. 8

LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. – I) Examination, 2006 HISTORY – I (Ancient India)

N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II. Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question. SECTION – I 1. Write short notes on (any two): i) Travellers Accounts as sources of Indian culture ii) Joint family and property rights iii) Slavery in Ancient India. 2. Discuss the archaeological sources of Ancient Indian culture.	Marks: 75
 Write short notes on (any two): Travellers Accounts as sources of Indian culture Joint family and property rights Slavery in Ancient India. Discuss the archaeological sources of Ancient Indian culture. 	om
 i) Travellers Accounts as sources of Indian culture ii) Joint family and property rights iii) Slavery in Ancient India. 2. Discuss the archaeological sources of Ancient Indian culture. 	
	6
2 D 4:1.1.11	8
3. Do you think that Harappa culture was urban culture? Explain.	8
4. Examine the social life in India during Vedic period.	8
5. Discuss the Ashram system of Ancient India.	8
Explain the position of women in ancient India with reference to child mar sati and widowhood.	riage,
7. Discuss the factors that led to the rise and decline of Buddhism in India.	8
SECTION – II	
 8. Write short notes on (any two): i) Contribution of Manu and Narada to law. ii) Witnesses and Types of punishment in Ancient India. iii) Dharmashastras as source of Hindu Law. 	5
9. Describe the role of kingship in the Vedic Period.	8
10. Explain the importance of Arthashastra to the Mauryan Polity.	8
11. Discuss the administration under the Gupta kings.	8
12. State the contribution of Ancient India to Architecture and Mathematics.	8
13. Describe the role of judges in ancient Indian law giving process.	8
14. Explain the role of Panchayats as courts of law.	8

(A)

26/10/03

L.L. B (Hons) Sem I Examination 2005 och. History I- (Ancient India)

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 75

N.B: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II

Questions I and II are compulsory.

2) Figures the right indicate marks per question

SECTION I	
Nurite short notes on (any two): Social life in Harrapa culture Religious beliefs of Vedic Aryans Four goals (r. life according to Vedic philosophers)	6
2. Discuss the literary sources of Ancient Indian out are?	8
2. Explain the position of women during Vedic period	8
3. Discuss how the caste system grose in ancient India and give its main features	8
4. Discuss the various forms of marriages in Ancient India	8
5. Give various views regarding the original home of the Aryans.	8
6. Discuss the system of education in Ancient India	8.
7. Discuss the Institution of slavery in Ancient India SECTION II 8. Write short notes on (any two): i) Architecture in Ancient India	5
ii) King's courts iii) Mahajanpadas 9. Disucsss the socio religious life under the Captus	8
0. How did the Dharmashastras regulate the life of Ancient Indians?	8
11.Discuss the role of judges in the law making process of Ancient India	8
12.Explain the contribution of Ancient India to Astronomy and Mathematics	8
13 Examine the contribution of Apastamba, Mana and Klautylia to the legal system	8
14. Discuss the central administration of justice in Ancient India	8

L.L. B (Hons) Sem 1 Examination 2005 History I-- (Ancient India)

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 75

N.B: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II

Questions I and 8 are compulsory.

2) Figures the right indicate marks per question

2) Figures the right indicate marks per question	
SECTION I 1. Write short notes on (any two): i) The institution of slavery ii) Forms of marriages in Ancient India iii) Women's right to inheritance	6
2. Discuss travellers Accounts as sources of Ancient Indian culture	8
3. Explain the socio-religious life of Harappan people	8
4. Discuss the main characteristics of Caste system.	8
5. How did Jainism arise in India? What were its main teachings?	8
5. Discuss the institution of untouchability in Ancient India	8
7. Discuss the main aspects of Vedic literature	8
SECTION II 3. Write short notes on (any two): i) Manusmriti ii) Sabha and Samiti iii) Science of Astronomy in Ancient India	5
2. Examine central administration under the Mauryas	8
0. Describe the evolution of society in South India	8
1. Explain local administration of justice in Ancient India	_ 8_
2. Discuss socio-economic life under the Guptas	8
3. Highlight the contribution of Ancient India to Art and Architecture	8
4. State the advances in the field of Physics and Chemistry in Ancient India	8

LL.B. (Hons.) Sem. I Examination, October 2004 HISTORY - I (Ancient India)

Total Marks: 75 Duration: 3 Hours

N.B.: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II. Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.

	SECTION-I	
1.	Write short notes on (any two):	6
	i) Literary sources of Indian culture	
	ii) The four Purusharthas (goals in Life)	
	iii) Education in Ancient India.	
2.	What are the main traits of ancient Indian culture ?	8
3.	Explain the position of women in ancient India with reference to age of marriage, rights to inheritance and widowhood.	8
4.	Discuss the various views regarding the original home of the Aryans.	8
5.	Explain the Ashram system of Ancient India.	8
6.	Discuss the factors that led to the rise of Buddhism and what were its main teachings.	8
7.	Describe the role of Village Panchayats as courts of law in Ancient India.	8
	SECTION-II .	
8.	Write short notes on (any two):	5
	i) History and Law	
	ii) Dharmashastras	
	iii) Witneses and Trial	
9.	Describe the role of kingship in the Vedic Period.	8
10.	Discuss the factors that led to the rise of Mahajanpadas in Ancient India.	8
11.	Explain the importance of Arthashastra to the Mauryan Polity.	8
12.	State the contribution of Aryabhata and Charaka.	8
13.	Describe the main contribution of Manu and Narada to ancient Indian Law.	8
14.	Describe the role of judges in ancient Indian law giving process.	8

LL.B. (Hons) Examination April 2004 HISTORY -I, ANCIENT INDIA

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Mark		: 75	
Instr	uctions: 1) Answer Five questions from Section – I and five from Section –II. Question 1 and Question 8 are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question.	•••••	
	SECTION - I		
Q.1	Write short notes on (any TWO)	(6)	
	a) The four Goals of Life		
	b) Doctrine of Karma c) Seals of Harappa		
Q.2.	Define the term "Culture". Bring out the essential traits to Indian Culture .	(8)	
Q.3.	Assess the importance of the Vedas, the Brahmanas and the Upanishads to		
	Indian culture.	(8)	
Q.4.	Describe the main teachings of Mahavira. Explain why Jainism failed to gain as many adherents as Buddhism.	(8)	
Q.5	List the highlights in the Economic life of the Vedic Period.	(8)	
Q.6.	Examine the evolution of Family and the Joint Family system in ancient India.	(8)	
Q.7	Distinguish between Varna and Jati. Why did Caste become rigid in later centurion	es.(8)	
	SECTION – II		
Q.8	Write short notes on (any TWO) (i) The Manusmurti (ii) Indika	(5)	
	(iii) Kautilya		
Q.9.	Describe the dynamics of the Gupta system of Administration.	(8)	
Q.10	Explain the role of the Sabha and the Samiti in matters of justice.	(8)	
Q.11	Name the various types of courts of law existing in Ancient India.	(8)	
Q.12	Elaborate on the organization of the Mahajanapadas. Commenta on their eventual decline and extinction.	(8)	
Q.13. Q.14	Account for the Dharmashastras as the principal source of Hindu Law. Give the achievements of Ancient Indians in Art and Architecture.	(8) (8)	

LL.B. (Hons) Sem. I Examination, 2003 HISTORY – I (Ancient India)

Duration: 3 Hours		ation: 3 Hours Total Marks: 75		
		 Instructions: 1) Answer five questions from Section I and five questions from Section II. Questions 1 and 8 are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate marks per question. 		
SECTION – I				
	I.	Write short notes on (any two): i) Indian literacy services. ii) Doctrine of karma. iii) Four Noble Truths of the Buddha.	6	
	2.	Describe the religious principles and practices of the Harappans.	8	
	3.	Explain the eight forms of marriage sanctioned in Ancient India.	8	
	4.	List the causes for the popularity of Buddhism.	8	
	5.	Examine the institution of slavery in Ancient India.	8	
	6.	Illustrate the functioning of education in the Vedic Age.	8	
	7.	Distinguish between Varna and Jati and give reasons for the rigidity of caste structure in later times.	8	
SECTION – II				
	8.	Write short notes on (any two): i) Concepts of Ramrajya ii) Ashokan Edicts iii) Kautilya.	5	
	9.	Assess the role of the King (Chakravartin) as the divine dispenser of justice, law and order.	8	
	10.	Bring out the dynamics of the Gupta system of administration.	8	
	11.	Note the strides taken by Mathematics and Astronomy in ancient times.	8	
	12.	State the penalties and punishments prescribed by ancient law in civil and criminal cases.	8	
	13.	Why is the Gupta Era seemed to be the Golden Age of ancient India?	8	

14. Enumerate the achievements of the ancient period in Art and Architecture.